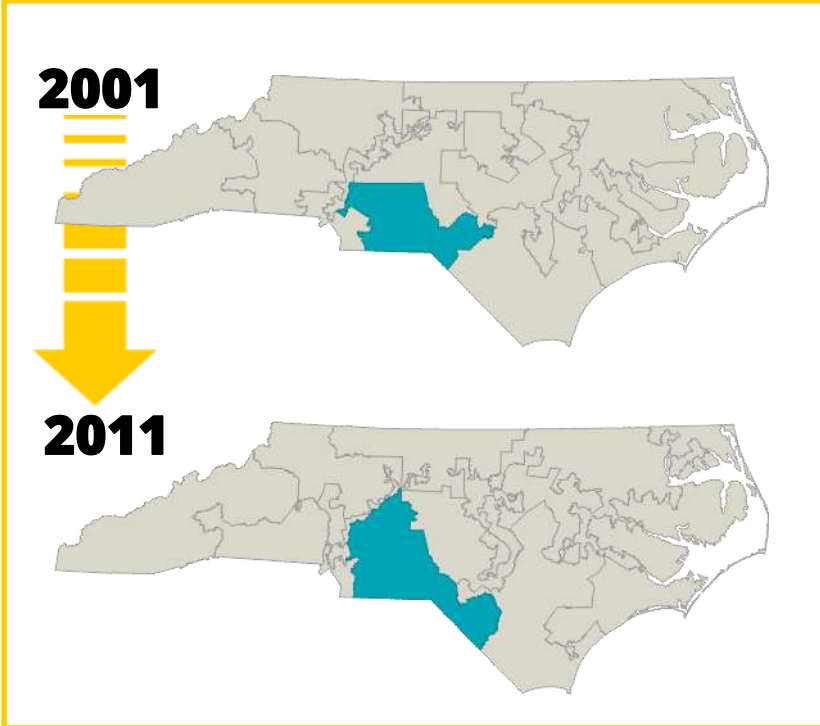


Redistricting North Carolina's U.S. House Seats: District 8, 2001 v. 2011 Boundaries

Boundary Shifts

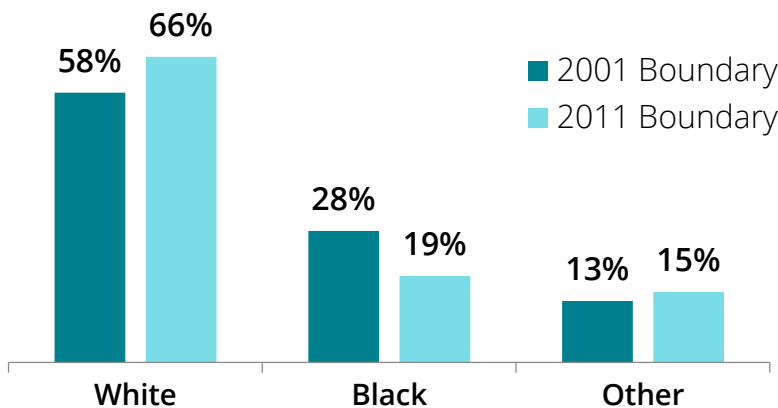


Deviation from Ideal District Size Prior to Redistricting

2010 Population	709,449
Ideal District Size	<u>733,499</u>
Difference from Ideal	-24,050
% Difference from Ideal	-3.3%

District 8 is located in the southern part of the state, centered between the 7th and 9th Districts. In 2010, the old 8th District contained 709,400 residents, 24,000 or 3.3% less than the ideal population size. The 2011 redistricting process removed Hoke County, Fayetteville, and parts of Charlotte from District 8 and added all of Robeson, western Randolph, southeast Davidson, and eastern Union and Rowan counties.

Race Shifts



Redistricting caused significant shifts in the 8th District's demographic characteristics. The removal of Hoke County, which had a large increase in its black population between 2000 and 2010, changed the district from 28.4% black in its old boundaries to 18.7% black in its current boundaries. The current 8th District is also less Hispanic (8.4%) compared to the old 8th District (11.5%).

District 8 had the largest increase in median age during redistricting, increasing from 34.4 in the old district boundaries to 37.5 in the new boundaries.

Ethnic Shifts

12% in 2001 boundary
v.
8% in 2011 boundary

Median Age

34.4 in 2001 boundary
v.
37.5 in 2011 boundary

Data Source: 2010 Census